

MILPA VS. BOSQUE. ENCRUCIJADA DEL DESARROLLO EN LAS LOCALIDADES MÁS MARGINADAS DEL ESTADO DE HIDALGO.

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ABSTRACT

In Mexico, wide extent of wooded areas has been dramatically reduced on the last decades. It is certainly imperative pointing out that inside the context of recent transformations, it will mainly be on the least developed capitalist societies where a series of new difficulties will be faced. In local areas, within thirty years, the stated dynamic will be damaged in such way that at region Otomi Tepehua wide desert areas will become visible; nevertheless, current conditions of rainfall still take place, what could worsen life conditions from its population; increasing poverty among it, due to the direct decrease in amount and quality of farmland. Moreover, water and oxygen decrease will impact negatively on the majority of population located in the center of Mexico. Our hypothesis states that the main economic activities developed by its population and the social changes impact on a decrease on the sustainable ecological systems in the Otomi Tepehua area at Hidalgo State. This research is based on official data which contextualized the main socio-ecological characteristics from the researched region; in relation to population; rate of growth; marginal population; areas grown with corn, bean, trees and coffee.

PALABRAS CLAVE

Environment, farming systems, agriculture, cattle-breeding, inequality.

